

JOURNAL.

RST.

NEW YORK.

SEPTEMBER 19, 1896.

RATES.

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cans who, under pretence of training
 with Palmer and Buckner, are working
 for the election of McKinley and Ho-
 bart?

As a citizen you have a right to bolt,
 but you can't bolt and continue to be
 a member of the Democratic party of
 New York.

As a Democratic Senator and as a
 Democratic leader you have no right,
 in morals or precedent, to persist in
 your present attitude. While declin-
 ing to relinquish your leadership and
 yet keeping still you lay yourself
 broadly open to the suspicion that you
 mean to betray your party.

THE CHILDREN AND THE COMMONWEALTH.

It is curious that in New York some of the people are richer than all of
 the people. There is no lack of money for building stately town houses and
 "cottages" of eighty rooms at Newport or at Lenox. Eminent citizens are
 expending their millions on forestry in North Carolina or on universities in
 Chicago, but meanwhile the children of the people, the fathers of the men
 who will yet govern us unless democracy is a lie, go ignorant because the
 great city of New York, with all its Astors, Goulds, Vanderbilts and Rocke-
 fellers, cannot afford to educate them.

Yesterday the Journal printed a statement, essentially official, of the
 degree to which the existing school accommodations fall short of the demand.
 Based as it is upon figures furnished by the Superintendent of Schools, it is
 worth republication:

Children who wanted to go to public schools last year, were denied ad-
 mission and spent the months in idleness..... 49,806
 Add 10 per cent, for increase in population, to get the number excluded
 this year..... 4,980—54,786
 Sitings which will be available on the completion of buildings now under
 contract, to be completed before January 1, 1897, and finished by Sep-
 tember 1, 1897..... 32,828
 Children now excluded and for whom no school sitings will be provided be-
 fore the beginning of the next school year (no increase in population al-
 lowed for)..... 21,958
 Children now allowed to attend school only half of each day because of the
 lack of sitings..... 20,000
 Children now in the public schools (including half-day pupils)..... 160,000
 Children who will be admitted as soon as repairs on seven old buildings are
 completed, and who are not included in the number of the excluded..... 12,000
 Children in private schools..... 45,000
 Children in parochial schools..... 30,000

Total of children whose education is provided for..... 247,000

It appears then that while 247,000 children in New York are provided with
 educational facilities—one-third by private or sectarian schools—there are
 54,786 for whom there is no promise of an education. As Dr. Albert Shaw
 said in yesterday's Journal, "Whatever other reforms may be desirable in
 this city, there is nothing that can compare in immediate seriousness or
 fundamental importance with the necessity of a reform in the schools." And
 Mr. Richard Watson Gilder said, truly, "I do not see where there could be a
 more deplorable lapse in the conduct of our civic affairs than the failure to
 afford proper educational facilities for the children."

It would be a grave mistake to allow the question of public school facili-
 ties in New York to become one of mere charitable interest. The Journal
 prints to-day letters from the children of the people, not that the beneficence
 of the wealthy may be stimulated, but merely as partial proof that if the right
 of public education be freely conceded to these people they will heartily avail
 themselves of it. Public education is not free education, for every wage
 earner contributes in one way or another to the support of the public schools.
 The man whose child is debarred from place in the school room is not de-
 prived of a gratuity, but robbed of a right.

Probably it is true that no action can be taken now which will make the
 school accommodations for this coming year adequate to the demand. But
 other school years will follow. Will the "reform" administration of Mayor
 Strong do better than the wholly mercenary Tammany administration it
 ousted? Will there be recognition by the rulers of Greater New York of the
 fact that only an intelligent electorate can make popular government safe
 and intelligent, and that only by the education of the children can an intelli-
 gent electorate be obtained?

Some citizens who
 might well
 be the opportu-
 nities
 But the curious
 of the people to gov-
 ous processes of tax-
 themselves for self-

deal for the reform of
 appeals to the people to
 send their children to
 men rests the power to
 offer.

ns who talk of the terri-
 of labor in Mexico neg-
 why there is practically
 ion from Mexico to the
 Nor do they undertake
 a fact that about all
 —people who are run-
 om poverty—come from
 d countries.

adage "What is sauce for
 is sauce for the gander,"
 gently overlooked by the mem-
 the Cotton Exchange when
 agreed that their clerks should
 culate without the written con-
 their employers. This decision
 ed by the heavy losses in-
 the clerks during the recent
 ctuations in the cotton mar-
 question might reasonably be
 Where does the innocent out-
 ne in?"

at may be expected in future
 Democratic party by the
 Cockrans, who propose this
 vote for a Republican whom
 pe to elect in order to defeat
 Democratic party, of which they
 ays been among the leaders.

irty thousand children with-
 facilities, it would seem that
 cease to refer to the Western
 "untutored" and "ignorant,"
 no village in the West in
 a deficit in school houses

It can be explained that
 the price of coal is another
 things which are done in
 of the people and which
 too ignorant to under-
 stand benefit.

a Dixon route to heaven
 be closed until after the
 gentleman is too busy
 who do not agree with
 to operate his system.

a drama is about ready
 Manager Wey-

Your pose is preposterous, Mr. Hill.
 There is no wisdom or dignity in silence
 at a time like this. Reticence when
 live issues are up and common men
 are inflamed with ardor over them is
 certain to be construed as the recourse
 of a cowardly dodger.

The battle is on between the people
 and their exploiters. Behind McKinley
 is the plutocracy. Behind Bryan the
 masses. Which side are you on, Sen-
 ator Hill?

Speak out one way or the other. Be
 a man and not a fox—more particu-
 larly a hiding fox, whose bushy tail is
 in full view of every eye.

THE JOURNAL'S FUND.

A Fast Increasing Total Shows How the Interest Grows and Spreads.

Here follows the full list of contributions to the fund for educating
 the voters that were sent in yesterday:

W. W. Vaughan, Nashville, Tenn.	\$2.00	J. D. Calhoun, Tampa, Fla.	54.00
Eugene Sharum, Springfield, Mo.	5.00	P. M. G. K., N. Y. City	1.00
A Poor Silverite in a Den of		John E. Mackle, Montgomery, Ala.	1.00
Rabid Gold Bugs	3.00	Willis Darby, Montgomery, Ala.	1.00
Edward P. Seery, Philadel-		M. P. Wilcox, Montgomery, Ala.	1.00
phia, Pa.	2.00	Col. Sessions, Montgomery, Ala.	1.00
F. G. Von Rosen, N. Y. City	.30	W. L. Brock, Montgomery, Ala.	1.00
From One Who Cannot Vote	.50	Democratic Voter, West Swan-	1.00
Stephen M. Walsh, Lynn, Mass.	1.00	key	1.00
A. G. B. South Orange, N. J.	5.00	Locomotive Engineer, Birm-	1.00
Thos. J. McNamara, Brooklyn,		ingham, Ala.	1.00
Free Republic, N. Y. City	1.00	Free College, Remington, Va.	1.00
S. P. Branch, Augusta, Ga.	1.00	Hett E. Greene, N. Y. City	.05
Thos. G. Barrett, Augusta, Ga.	1.00	A Democratic - Republican	2.00
A Workingman, Newburg, N.Y.	1.00	West Superior	1.00
C. H. Brady, Wytheville, N.Y.	1.00	Geo. W. Green, Boston, Mass.	1.00
David Silver, Tarrytown, N.Y.	1.00	Single Tax (second contribu-	2.00
Ellison & Jones, Richmond Va.	2.00	tion)	.25
J. P. Oliver, Caldwell, Tex.	1.00	Cash, Athens, Ga.	1.00
A. W. Selver, Caldwell, Tex.	1.00	Two Single Tax Democrats	2.00
M. L. Womack, Caldwell, Tex.	1.00	E. A. Darr, president Bank of	5.00
Lee Braddus, Caldwell, Tex.	.25	Atkins, Ark.	2.50
J. H. Harvey, Caldwell, Tex.	.25	J. M. Barker, Jr., cashier Bank	2.50
B. F. Dalemter, Caldwell, Tex.	1.00	of Atkins, Ark.	2.50
J. M. Farn, Caldwell, Tex.	.50	F. P. Hervey, Atkins, Ark.	2.50
O. W. Johnson, Caldwell, Tex.	1.00	J. H. Fry, Atkins, Ark.	2.50
W. M. Stone, Caldwell, Tex.	1.00	J. R. Reynolds, Atkins, Ark.	1.00
E. McArthur, Caldwell, Tex.	1.00	Charles Lewis, Atkins, Ark.	1.00
J. F. Cobb, Caldwell, Tex.	1.00	J. G. Darr, Atkins, Ark.	1.00
W. J. Randolph, Menard, Ill.	2.00	W. W. Bailey, Atkins, Ark.	1.00
P. S. Parish, Menard, Ill.	1.00	G. P. Reynolds, Atkins, Ark.	1.00
J. M. Hicks, Menard, Ill.	1.00	M. F. Cleveland, Atkins, Ark.	1.50
H. T. Dwyer, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Max Frauchenthal & Son, Atkins,	1.50
W. B. Canfield, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Ark.	1.50
J. J. Schneider, Menard, Ill.	2.00	H. C. Hiedsoe, Atkins, Ark.	.50
W. E. Davis, Menard, Ill.	2.00	W. E. Davis, Atkins, Ark.	.50
J. M. Forth, Menard, Ill.	1.00	N. G. Godbey, Atkins, Ark.	.50
J. W. Gravenhurst, Menard, Ill.	1.00	J. A. Host, Atkins, Ark.	.50
J. A. Howell, Menard, Ill.	1.00	L. D. Ford, Atkins, Ark.	.50
John Lind, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Reiss & Minag, Atkins, Ark.	1.00
Geo. B. Cox, Menard, Ill.	1.00	From others, Atkins, Ark.	2.45
J. H. Hickman, Menard, Ill.	1.00	J. C. Terry, Nashville, Ark.	.25
J. H. Ramsay, Menard, Ill.	1.00	J. P. Evan, Nashville, Ark.	1.00
Albert Grott, Menard, Ill.	1.00	D. P. Terry, Nashville, Ark.	.50
B. F. Justice, Menard, Ill.	1.00	W. J. Lee, Nashville, Ark.	.25
C. P. Spillman, Menard, Ill.	1.00	W. H. Gratchauer, Nashville,	.25
G. E. Stark, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Ark.	.25
Frank Austin, Menard, Ill.	1.00	W. B. McDonald, Nashville, Ark.	.50
Geo. Thomas, Menard, Ill.	1.00	R. H. Parker, Nashville, Ark.	.50
Geo. Boos, Menard, Ill.	1.00	E. W. High, Nashville, Ark.	2.50
Samuel Randolph, Menard, Ill.	1.00	J. W. Holman, Nashville, Ark.	1.00
E. G. Menard, Menard, Ill.	1.00	W. W. Turner, Nashville, Ark.	1.00
A. J. Sanders, Menard, Ill.	1.00	N. M. Harrison, Nashville,	1.00
Frank Barnes, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Ark.	1.00
F. Gray, Menard, Ill.	1.00	R. P. Johnson, Nashville, Ark.	5.00
W. R. Powers, Menard, Ill.	2.00	W. R. Cowling, Nashville, Ark.	.50
L. L. Marrett, Menard, Ill.	1.00	W. T. Street & Co, Nashville,	1.00
D. E. Hanks, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Ark.	1.00
Jas. H. Allen, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Alex. L. Skiffner, Nashville,	1.00
C. D. Hance, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Ark.	1.00
Geo. Lukens, Menard, Ill.	1.00	H. Bledsoe, Ashland, O.	5.00
W. S. Hearne, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Burroughs Edsall, manager	5.00
J. B. Goldman, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Specimen G. M. & M. Co.	5.00
W. E. Bonarh, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Andrew G. Gunn, Cripple	4.50
Samuel Morrison, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Creek, Col.	3.00
B. Watts, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Frank Gunn, Cripple Creek,	3.00
W. A. James, M. D., Menard, Ill.	1.00	Col.	3.00
C. D. Hance, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Charles Meyring, Cripple	3.00
M. Halpin, Menard, Ill.	1.00	Creek, Col.	3.00
W. R. Jones, M.	1.00	Z. M. Norris, Cripple Creek,	3.00
Mrs. E. A. D.,	1.00	Col.	3.00
I. C. S., Jr., Washington, D. C.	10.00	John Lin, Cripple Creek, Col.	3.00
Fifteen Democrats of Sali-		G. W. Kellum, Cripple Creek,	3.00
sbury, Pa.	15.00	Col.	3.00
C. F. Putnam, Lebanon, Ky.	5.00	W. A. Morgan, Cripple Creek,	3.00
Bryan Silver Club, Carroll-		Col.	3.00
town, Pa.	10.00	G. C. Morgan, Cripple Creek,	3.00
Hlon Democrat.	2.50	John Lord, Cripple Creek, Col.	3.00
A Mechanist and a Printer of		H. G. Taylor, Cripple Creek,	3.00
Chicago	2.00	Col.	3.00
From Owego, N.Y. (fourth con-		C. G. Boland, Scranton, Pa.	25.00
tribution)	10.00	Bryan and Sewall Club of	7.05
J. M. Gilpin, Birmingham, Ala.	1.00	Heber, Ark.	
R. H. Sawyer, Birmingham, Ala.	1.00	One day's contribution to	
D. J. Fox, Birmingham, Ala.	.50	the fund.....	\$351.05
A Converted Gold Democrat,		The Journal's contribution	
Philadelphia, Pa.	5.00	for the day.....	351.05
H. R. D., Grand Rapids, Mich.	3.00	Previously acknowledged	
W. H. Duncan, Conway, Ark.	5.00	and subscribed.....	9,923.62
A Southern Woman, N.Y. City	.30	Total contribution to the	
One Who Has Been Pricked,		fund.....	\$10,625.72
Albany	1.00		
J. P. Buford, Eufaula, Wash.	1.00		
August Fast, Silverton, Colo.	10.00		

Subscription Blank.—Fill in and Send with Contribution.

(Date)

To
 I hereby subscribe the sum of \$
 to the New York Journal's fund for the education of
 the voters of the United States.

(Name)

(Address)

[The Journal would like the full names and addresses of subscribers, but
 agrees to use only initials or pseudonym when requested.]

At the race subscriptions are now coming in to the fund that wide discrepancy
 between the great sums controlled by Mark Hanna and the money in the education
 fund of the Democracy bids fair to be materially reduced. But the magnitude of
 the amount of money in the coffers of a political organization does not count for much in
 ultimate results. Though it may be used to make a splurge and a fair showing
 during the campaign, none the less it will be the real merit of the cause that will move
 the masses of the people on election day. The party that goes thus to the polls rely-
 ing entirely on the strength of its principles to compel a victory needs no vast
 corruption fund to reinforce it. With a sufficient amount of money in its control to
 perfect its organization and to print and distribute pamphlets among the voters the
 Democratic party this Fall is in a position of assured success. And every subscrip-
 tion to this fund of the Journal's helps it to this end.

Here follow letters that came yesterday:

Cripple Creek, Col., Sept. 15, 1896.
 W. R. Hearst:
 You will find enclosed a New York draft for
 \$36.50, which represents an amount voluntarily
 subscribed to the Bryan and Sewall campaign
 fund by the employees of the Specimen Mine of
 Cripple Creek. These contributors have
 no silver interests, but depend upon
 a gold camp for a livelihood and
 wish to help Bryan because they
 believe in him and his cause.
 Please acknowledge receipt of draft at your
 earliest opportunity and oblige, yours truly,
 BURROUGHS EDSALL.

Nashville, Ark., Sept. 15, 1896.
 W. R. Hearst:
 I hand you herewith check for sum of \$10.25, to
 be credited to Journal campaign fund.
 The voters of Arkansas, are
 in earnest about this
 election evidenced by

cepted, not for its "intrinsic value